

Instructional Timeframe:	Learning Goals	Suggested Learning Support
<p><b>Unit 4</b> Writing an Argument/Reading Strategies</p> <p><b>24 Days</b></p>	<p><b>Overarching learning goals:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- I can identify text features and structures of informational texts</li> <li>- I can identify the main idea and summarize texts</li> <li>- I can paraphrase, summarize, and quote information</li> <li>- I can cite evidence to support a claim</li> </ul> <p><b>Overarching language goals:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- I can read closely for understanding and purpose with fluency and comprehension.</li> <li>- I can speak and listen with peers in small groups to discuss a prompt.</li> </ul>	<p>“Zoos: Myth and Reality” by Rob Laidlaw                      “Zoos Connect Us to the Natural World” by Michael Hutchins</p> <p><b>Resources outside of the textbook:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Paired Texts from <a href="http://scope.scholastic.com">scope.scholastic.com</a></li> <li>• <a href="http://NewsELA.com">NewsELA.com</a></li> </ul>
<p><b>PASS Content Standards</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- <b>1.0 Vocabulary-</b> The student will expand vocabulary through word study, literature, and class discussion.</li> <li>- <b>2.0 Fluency-</b> The student will identify words rapidly so that attention is directed to the meaning of text.</li> <li>- <b>3.1.a Literal Understanding-</b> Apply prereading strategies when reading both fiction and nonfiction, determine the purpose for reading, preview the text and use prior knowledge to make connections</li> <li>- <b>3.1.b Literal Understanding-</b> Show understanding by asking questions and supporting answers with literal information from text</li> <li>- <b>3.2.a- Inferences and Interpreting-</b> Make inferences and draw conclusions supported by text evidence and student experiences</li> <li>- <b>3.2.b- Inferences and Interpreting-</b> Connect, compare, and contrast ideas, themes, and issues across texts</li> <li>- <b>3.3.a- Summary and Generalization-</b> Determine the main (or major) idea and how those ideas are supported with specific details</li> <li>- <b>3.3.b- Summary and Generalization-</b> paraphrase and summarize text to recall, inform, or organize ideas</li> <li>- <b>3.4.a- Analysis and Evaluation-</b> distinguish between stated fact, reasoned judgment, and opinion in various texts</li> <li>- <b>3.4.b- Analysis and Evaluation-</b> use text’s structure or progression of ideas, such as cause and effect or chronology (sequential order)</li> <li>- <b>3.4.c- Analysis and Evaluation-</b> compare/contrast to determine similarities and differences in treatment, scope, or organization</li> <li>- <b>3.4.d- Analysis and Evaluation-</b> problem/solution- offer observations, make connections, react, speculate, interpret, and raise questions in response to text</li> <li>- <b>3.5- Monitoring and Correction Strategies</b></li> <li>- <b>4.1- Literary Genres-</b> The student will demonstrate a knowledge of and an appreciation for various forms of literature.</li> <li>- <b>5.1.b Accessing Information-</b> use text organizers, including headings, graphic features (e.g., boldface, italic type), and tables of contents, to locate and organize information</li> <li>- <b>5.1.c- Accessing Information-</b> use organizational strategies to learn and recall important ideas from texts, such as preview, questions, reread, and record, as an aid to comprehend increasingly difficult content material</li> <li>- <b>5.1.d- Accessing Information-</b> note instances of persuasion, propaganda, and faulty reasoning in text</li> <li>- <b>5.2.a- Interpreting Information-</b> record, organize, and display relevant information from multiple sources in systematic ways (e.g., outlines, timelines, graphic organizers, or note cards)</li> <li>- <b>5.2.c- Interpreting Information-</b> identify and credit the sources used to gain information (e.g., bibliographies, footnotes, appendix).</li> <li>- <b>3.1.h- Standard Usage-</b> identify and use abstract, concrete, and collective nouns</li> <li>- <b>3.1.i- Standard Usage-</b> correctly form and use the positive, comparative, and superlative forms</li> </ul>	





	<p>student demonstrates in-depth inferences and application that go beyond what was taught.</p> <p><b>Argumentative Writing</b></p> <p>2 – <b>(1)</b> The student will recognize or recall specific vocabulary, such as: accurate, alternate, argument, claim, clarify, clause, cohesion, concluding statement, counterclaim, credible, evidence, formal style, introduce, logical, opposing, opinion, organize, phrase, position, reason, reasoning, relationship, relevant, source, support, text, topic The student will perform basic processes, such as: <b>(2)</b> generate an opinion on a topic and relevant reasons/examples to support that opinion; <b>(3)</b> generate relevant counterclaims to a position; <b>(4)</b> write arguments using a teacher-provided template (which includes all of the 3.0 elements)</p> <p>3 – The student will write grade-appropriate arguments to support claims with clear reasons and relevant evidence. The student will <b>(1)</b> introduce claims, acknowledge and distinguish the claims from alternate or opposing claims, and organize the reasons and evidence logically; <b>(2)</b> support claims with logical reasoning and relevant evidence, using accurate, credible sources and demonstrating an understanding of the topic or text; <b>(3)</b> use words, phrases, and clauses to create cohesion and clarify the relationships between claims, counterclaims, reasons, and evidence; <b>(4)</b> establish and maintain a formal style; <b>(5)</b> provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the argument presented.</p>	
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\* All proficiency scales are derived from Marzano Research Laboratory’s [Proficiency Scale Bank](#) and chosen by the OKCPS curriculum committee